

Tait Radio Communications Corporate Head Office

Tait Electronics Ltd P.O. Box 1645 Christchurch New Zealand

For the address and telephone number of regional offices, refer to the TaitWorld website:

Website: http://www.taitworld.com

Technical Support

For assistance with specific technical issues, contact Technical Support:

E-mail: support@taitworld.com Website: http://support.taitworld.com

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Scope of Manual

This manual provides information on using the TBA0STU/TBA0STP base station Calibration and Test Unit (CTU) with a Tait base station. It describes the input and output connectors and controls available on the CTU, and includes a description of the accessories supplied with the CTU. A block diagram is also provided.

Enquiries and Comments

If you have any enquiries regarding this manual, or any comments, suggestions and notifications of errors, please contact Technical Support (refer to "Tait Contact Information" on page 2).

Updates of Manual and Equipment

In the interests of improving the performance, reliability or servicing of the equipment, Tait Electronics Ltd reserves the right to update the equipment or this manual or both without prior notice.

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Document Conventions

Within this manual, four types of alerts are given to the reader: Warning, Caution, Important and Note. The following paragraphs illustrate each type of alert and its associated symbol.

Warning!!	This alert is used when there is a potential risk of death or serious injury.
Caution	This alert is used when there is a risk of minor or moderate injury to people.
Important	This alert is used to warn about the risk of equipment dam- age or malfunction.
Note This ensur	alert is used to highlight information that is required to re procedures are performed correctly.

Associated Documentation

TB7100 Calibration Application online Help. TB7100 Programming Application online Help. TB7100 Installation and Operation Manual. TB7100 Specifications Manual.

TB8100 Calibration Kit User's Manual and online Help. TB8100 Service Kit and Alarm Center User's Manuals and online Help. TB8100 Installation and Operation Manual. TB8100 Specifications Manual. TB8100 Service Manual.

TB9100 Calibration Software User's Manual and online Help. TB9100 Customer Service Software User's Manual and online Help. TB9100 Installation and Operation Manual. TB9100 Specifications Manual. TB9100 Network Installation Guide.

Technical notes are published from time to time to describe applications for Tait products, to provide technical details not included in manuals, and to offer solutions for any problems that arise.

All available product documentation is provided on the Product CD supplied with the base station. Updates may also be published on the Tait Technical Support website (http://support.taitworld.com).

Publication Record

Issue	Publication Date	Description
1	September 2005	First release

The base station calibration and test unit (CTU) is designed to make it easier to connect a Tait base station to standard test equipment, and to a PC running the appropriate programming and calibration software. The CTU can be used with TB7100, TB8100 and TB9100 base stations, and comes with a selection of connection cables, tuning tools and other accessories (refer to "Appendix A - CTU Accessories" on page 35).



Note Some features of the CTU are used with only one base station, while others serve different functions with different base stations. Any differences in function are explained in each chapter.

This manual describes both the TBA0STU and TBA0STP CTUs. The only difference between the units is that the TBA0STP was not supplied with the TB7100 CTU adaptor board. For information on the earlier TBA0ST1 CTU which was introduced with the TB8100 base station, refer to TN-778.

This chapter provides details about any production modifications made to the CTU that may affect its performance, or the way in which it interacts with the TB7100, TB8100 or TB9100 base stations.

AC Coupled Unbalanced Audio Input The unbalanced input on the CTU was changed from DC to AC coupled in August 2005. This modification (fitting a capacitor) was necessary because the unbalanced input on TB8100 TaitNet and TaitNet RS-232 system interface boards was changed at that time from AC to DC coupled. This change was made for paging, and the version of these boards was changed from 0 to 1. If your reciter is fitted with a version 1 TaitNet or TaitNet RS-232 board, you must use a CTU that is AC coupled. If the CTU and system interface board are both DC coupled, and the test equipment is not AC coupled, the DC signal will directly pull the modulator carrier frequency.

> CTUs with the serial number 18012507 and higher incorporate the change on the PCB, but earlier CTUs must be modified as described in TN-1082. To check if your CTU has been modified, use a multimeter to check the continuity between the centre pin of the unbalanced input BNC connector (UB INPUT) and pin 6 of the 15-way system interface connector (or pin 5 of the 25-way connector). An open circuit indicates the capacitor is fitted, a short circuit indicates the capacitor is not fitted.

> To check the version of a system interface board, run the Service Kit and select Monitor > Module Details > Reciter. In the **Versions** area, the **System Interface** field displays the version number.

The CTU provides a selection of input and output connectors that allow the TB7100 base station to be connected to standard test equipment. These inputs, outputs and associated controls are identified in Figure 3.1 on page 12, and their functions are explained in the paragraphs which follow. Some items are not used with the TB7100, and others serve one function with the TB7100 and another with the TB8100 or TB9100. Any differences in function are described in the table that accompanies Figure 3.1. A block diagram of the CTU is provided in Figure B.1 on page 40.

The CTU is designed to make it easier to tune or calibrate TB7100 modules. It also allows a user to monitor and control the inputs and outputs available on the TB7100 system interface connector.



Note Digital/programming input switch 6 is used to control Rx Inhibit in the TB7100. Setting this switch to active will prevent any audio output from the base station. Be careful not to set this switch by accident.

Figure 3.2 on page 16 shows a typical connection setup between the CTU and a TB7100 base station. Refer to the TB7100 Calibration Application online Help for details on tuning and calibrating TB7100 modules. Refer also to the TB7100 Installation and Operation Manual for information on using the CTU to set up the TB7100 for various modes of operation.

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	TB7100	TB8100	ТВ9100	
1	not used	programming port	serial port	1
2	power LED	power LED	power LED	2
3	not used	noise source output and on/off switch	noise source output and on/off switch	3
4	balanced line input	balanced line input	analog line input	4
5	speaker audio selection switch	speaker audio selection switch	speaker audio selection switch	5
6	unbalanced line input	unbalanced line input	not used	6
1	unbalanced line output	unbalanced line output	not used	1
8	balanced line output	balanced line output	analog line output	8
9	600 Ω load on/off switch	600 Ω load on/off switch	600Ω load on/off switch	9
10	not used	not used	system interface connectors	10
1	system interface connector ^a	system interface connectors	not used	1
12	digital input switches ^b	digital input switches	digital input switches	12
(13)	speaker	speaker	speaker	13
14)	speaker volume control	speaker volume control	speaker volume control	14)
(15)	RSSI output	RSSI output	digital output 0	15
16	not used	digital output LEDs	not used	16
17	ground connector	ground connector	ground connector	17
(18)	Tx Relay output and LED	Tx Relay output and LED; digital out 3 (TaitNet)	digital input 4	(18)
(19)	keying switch for the transmitter	keying switch for the transmitter	keying switch for the transmitter	19
20	Tx Key input	Tx Key input	Tx Key input	20
21)	Rx Gate output and LED	Rx Gate output and LED	Rx Gate output and LED	21
22	not used	DC input	DC input	22
23	not used	system control bus connector	not used	23

a. The TB7100 uses the 25-way connector with the TB7100 CTU adaptor board (refer to "The TB7100 CTU Adaptor Board" on page 17).

b. Switches 1 to 4 can be configured as digital inputs or channel select. Switch 6 is used for Rx inhibit. The other switches are not used. Refer to "DIGITAL/PROGRAMMING INPUTS" on page 15 for more information.

1	10101	Not used with TB7100.
2	POWER	The POWER LED is lit when the CTU is powered up. The TB7100 system interface provides power to the CTU over the 25-way system interface connector (1) (see also Figure 3.2 on page 16). This supply powers the noise source, speaker, LEDs, and RS-232 communications.
		Connecting power directly to the DC input connector $@$ on the CTU is unnecessary, but will not damage the CTU.
		Note You do not need to provide power to the CTU at all in order to make audio level measurements or to use the digital inputs and outputs. Lack of power will not affect these interfaces.
3	NOISE	Not used with TB7100.
4	LINE INPUT	The CTU makes audio at this input available to the TB7100 transmitter (it connects LINE INPUT to the balanced line input on the system interface connectors).
5	UNBALANCED/OFF/ BALANCED	This switch directs either the balanced or unbalanced receiver output audio to the CTU speaker. When set to "OFF", no audio is present on the speaker.
6	UB INPUT	This input is connected to the unbalanced line input on the system interface connectors.
7	UB OUTPUT	This output is connected to the unbalanced line output on the system interface connectors. Audio on this line can be monitored on the CTU speaker.
8	LINE OUTPUT	The CTU makes audio from the TB7100 receiver available on this connector (it connects LINE OUTPUT to the balanced line output on the system interface connector). LINE OUTPUT is connected directly to pins 1 & 2 on the connector (i.e. it is not grounded). The audio on LINE OUTPUT can be monitored on the CTU speaker.
9	600Ω LOAD	This switch connects or disconnects the 600Ω load across the balanced LINE OUTPUT. This allows the output to be terminated correctly for calibration procedures. Turn the switch on if the LINE OUTPUT is not otherwise terminated.
10	SYSTEM INTERFACE	Not used with TB7100.
1	SYSTEM INTERFACE	The 25-way connector is used with the TB7100 CTU adaptor board to connect to the 25-way connector on the rear of the TB7100.

12	DIGITAL/ PROGRAMMING INPUTS	These switches let you set the digital inputs into the TB7100 high or low, and are connected to the digital inputs on the system interface connector. Switches 1 to 4 can be used for channel selection, and switch 6 is used to control Rx Inhibit. The remaining switches are not used with the TB7100.
		The active state of the digital inputs is defined by the setting in the Programming Application software (Channel Setup > Programmable I/O > Digital tab: AUX_GPI1, AUX_GPI2, AUX_GPI3, AUX_GPIO4). The default setting is non-inverted: 0 = active, 1 = inactive.
13	Speaker	The CTU is fitted with a 0.5 W 16 Ω speaker. Audio from LINE OUTPUT or UB OUTPUT can be connected to this speaker.
(14)	VOLUME	This controls the volume of the speaker. Rotate clockwise to increase the volume, and anticlockwise to decrease the volume.
(15)	RSSI	This output is used to monitor the RSSI output from the 25-way system interface connector.
16	DIGITAL OUTPUTS	Not used with TB7100.
17)	GND	This banana socket can be used as ground with RX GATE, TX KEY and RSSI. It is connected to the CTU and system interface connector ground.
18	TX RELAY	This output is connected to the Tx Relay output on the 25-way system interface connector. The LED is lit when the output is activated.
(19)	TX KEY Switch	Set this switch to "ON" to key the transmitter. When the switch is in the "OFF" position, applying a signal to the TX KEY banana socket will control the state of the transmitter.
20	TX KEY socket	Ground this input to key the transmitter. Alternatively, turn on the TX KEY switch (\textcircled{D}) .
21)	RX GATE	This output is connected to the Rx Gate output on the system interface connectors. The adjacent LED is lit when the receiver gate is open.
22)	POWER	Not used with TB7100.
23	SYSTEM CONTROL BUS	Not used with TB7100.



Figure 3.2 Example CTU connection to a TB7100

The TB7100 CTU
Adaptor BoardYou must use the TB7100 CTU adaptor board when connecting a TB7100
base station to the CTU. The CTU adaptor board plugs into the 25-way
system interface connector on the CTU. It is designed to make the I/O of
the TB7100 system interface compatible with the I/O of the CTU system
interface. The LEDs and test points on the adaptor board are described
below.





(7) TP4 provides a 13.8V output test point.



You can also use the TB7100 CTU adaptor board with the earlier TBA0ST1 and TBA0STP CTUs (using the supplied 25-way cable). As the adaptor board was not supplied with these CTUs, you can order it separately under the product code TBB0STU-TBB. Contact your nearest Tait Dealer or Customer Service Organisation for more information. The CTU provides a selection of input and output connectors that allow the TB8100 base station to be connected to standard test equipment, and also to a PC running the Service Kit or Calibration Kit software. These inputs, outputs and associated controls are identified in Figure 4.1 on page 20, and their functions are explained in the paragraphs which follow. Some items are not used with the TB8100, and others serve one function with the TB8100 and another with the TB7100 or TB9100. Any differences in function are described in the table that accompanies Figure 4.1. A block diagram of the CTU is provided in Figure B.1 on page 40.

The CTU is designed to make it easier to program, tune or calibrate TB8100 modules. It also allows a user to monitor and control the inputs and outputs available on the reciter's system interface connector.

Figure 4.3 on page 26 shows a typical connection setup between the CTU and a TB8100 base station. Refer to the TB8100 Calibration Kit documentation for details on how to use the CTU for tuning and calibrating TB8100 modules.



Important

Do not power the CTU from a PMU fitted with a 48V auxiliary power supply board. The maximum supply voltage for the CTU is 32VDC. Use either a PMU 12VDC or 24VDC auxiliary output, or an external power supply. Note that the auxiliary output can be supplied to the CTU via the system interface connector on the reciter if the auxiliary DC power cable is fitted, as well as via a direct connection to the PMU auxiliary output.





	TB7100	TB8100	TB9100	
1	not used	programming port	serial port	1
2	power LED	power LED	power LED	2
3	not used	noise source output and on/off switch	noise source output and on/off switch	3
4	balanced line input	balanced line input	analog line input	4
5	speaker audio selection switch	speaker audio selection switch	speaker audio selection switch	5
6	unbalanced line input	unbalanced line input	not used	6
1	unbalanced line output	unbalanced line output	not used	1
8	balanced line output	balanced line output	analog line output	8
9	600Ω load on/off switch	600 Ω load on/off switch	600 Ω load on/off switch	9
10	not used	not used	system interface connectors	10
11	system interface connector ^a	system interface connectors	not used	11
12)	digital input switches ^b	digital input switches	digital input switches	12
13	speaker	speaker	speaker	13
(14)	speaker volume control	speaker volume control	speaker volume control	14
(15)	RSSI output	RSSI output	digital output 0	15
16	not used	digital output LEDs	not used	16
17	ground connector	ground connector	ground connector	17
(18)	Tx Relay output and LED	Tx Relay output and LED; digital out 3 (TaitNet)	digital input 4	18
(19)	keying switch for the transmitter	keying switch for the transmitter	keying switch for the transmitter	19
20	Tx Key input	Tx Key input	Tx Key input	20
21)	Rx Gate output and LED	Rx Gate output and LED	Rx Gate output and LED	21
22	not used	DC input	DC input	22
23	not used	system control bus connector	not used	23

a. The TB7100 uses the 25-way connector with the TB7100 CTU adaptor board (refer to "The TB7100 CTU Adaptor Board" on page 17).

b. Switches 1 to 4 can be configured as digital inputs or channel select. Switch 6 is used for Rx inhibit. The other switches are not used. Refer to "DIGITAL/PROGRAMMING INPUTS" on page 15 for more information.

1	10101	This is an RS-232 serial port. Connect it to a PC running the Service Kit or Calibration Kit software when calibrating or tuning the base station. You must also connect a system control bus cable between the CTU (via connector ⁽²⁾) and the reciter for this interface to work.
2	POWER	 The POWER LED is lit when the CTU is powered up. You can supply power to the CTU in the following ways (see Figure 4.3 on page 26): connect power directly using the DC input socket ⁽²⁾ let the reciter provide power over the system control bus connector ⁽³⁾ let the reciter's system interface provide power over the system interface connector ⁽¹⁾. This requires that you connect power to the reciter's auxiliary DC input connector adjacent to the system interface. You can safely connect power to two or more of these connectors at the same time.
		Note You do not need to provide power to the CTU at all in order to make audio level measurements or to use the digital inputs and outputs. Lack of power will not affect these interfaces.
		Important Do not power the CTU from a PMU fitted with a 48V auxiliary power supply board. The maximum supply voltage for the CTU is 32VDC. Use either a PMU 12VDC or 24VDC auxiliary output, or an external power supply. Note that the auxiliary output can be supplied to the CTU via the system interface connector on the reciter if the auxiliary DC power cable is fitted, as well as via a direct connection to the PMU auxiliary output.
3	NOISE	The CTU's internal, wide bandwidth noise source is available on this output. You can connect the NOISE socket to the RF input on the reciter and use it to tune the receiver's front end. The adjacent switch turns the noise on and off. The bandwidth of the noise source is approximately 50MHz to 1GHz, and the output level is approximately -130dBm/Hz. This output level is equivalent to -91dBm typical for a narrow bandwidth receiver, -89dBm typical for mid bandwidth, and -88dBm typical for wide bandwidth.
4	LINE INPUT	The CTU makes audio at this input available to the TB8100 transmitter (it connects LINE INPUT to the balanced line input on the system interface connectors).
5	UNBALANCED/OFF/ BALANCED	This switch directs either the balanced or unbalanced receiver output audio to the CTU speaker. When set to "OFF", no audio is present on the speaker.

(6) UB INPUT This input is connected to the unbalanced line input on the system interface connectors. Note In August 2005, the unbalanced input on the CTU was changed from DC to AC coupled. Refer to "AC Coupled Unbalanced Audio Input" on page 9 for more details. (7) UB OUTPUT This output is connected to the unbalanced line output on the system interface connectors. Audio on this line can be monitored on the CTU speaker. The CTU makes audio from the TB8100 receiver available on this (8) LINE OUTPUT connector (it connects LINE OUTPUT to the balanced line output on the system interface connectors). LINE OUTPUT is connected directly to pins 1 & 2 on the connectors (i.e. it is not grounded). The audio on LINE OUTPUT can be monitored on the CTU speaker. (9) 600 Ω LOAD This switch connects or disconnects the 600Ω load across the balanced LINE OUTPUT. This allows the output to be terminated correctly for calibration procedures. Turn the switch on if the LINE OUTPUT is not otherwise terminated. Not used with TB8100. SYSTEM INTERFACE (10) (1) SYSTEM INTERFACE These connect to the 25-way or 15-way system interface connector on the rear of the reciter. These switches let you set the digital inputs into the TB8100 high or low. DIGITAL/ (1) PROGRAMMING The switches are connected to the digital inputs on the system interface INPUTS connectors, as described in the table below. The standard switch settings are as follows: $1 = \text{high, inactive, 5V} (10 \text{k}\Omega \text{ pull-up to 5V})$ 0 =low, active, 0VThe CTU is a generic test unit, so not all digital I/O lines can be exercised or monitored. This applies in particular to the ability to monitor bidirectional I/O lines, as these are connected only to switches, not LEDs (see also DIGITAL OUTPUTS (6).

	System Interface Board				
CTU Switch	Pin	Isolated	Isolated E&M	TaitNet/ TaitNet RS-232	
1	14	digital in 1	digital in 1	digital in 1	
2	15	digital in 2	digital in 2		
3	16	digital in/out 3	digital in/out 3		
4	17	digital in/out 4	digital in/out 4		
5	18	digital in/out 5	digital in/out 5		
6	19	digital in/out 6	digital in/out 6		
7	20	digital in 7			
8	21	digital in 8			
9	22	digital in 9			
10	23	digital in 10			



Note

The complete lists of pin allocations for each system interface board are provided in the Installation Guide, Installation and Operation Manual, or Service Kit (Configure > Base Station > System Interface).

External Channel Selection

Digital inputs can be used for external channel selection. The active state of the digital inputs, when used for channel selection, is defined by the setting in the Service Kit software (Configure > Base Station > System Interface > Channel Selection > Invert). The default setting is non-inverted: 0 = active, 1 = inactive. Refer to the Service Kit documentation for details on how to configure external channel selection.

Bidirectional Inputs/Outputs

Bidirectional signals (e.g. digital in/out 3) can operate as either digital inputs or digital outputs, based on how Task Manager is configured. Bidirectional signals use the same Task Manager processes to set and read the status of digital inputs and outputs. When a bidirectional pin has its output activated, reading the input status of that pin will reflect the current status on that line. Thus, it is possible to use a bidirectional pin for input-only or output-only actions, if only that specific action is configured for that digital pin number in Task Manager.

Figure 4.2 System interface bidirectional inputs/outputs



13	Speaker	The CTU is fitted with a $0.5W16\Omega$ speaker. Audio from LINE OUTPUT or UB OUTPUT can be connected to this speaker.
14)	VOLUME	This controls the volume of the speaker. Rotate clockwise to increase the volume, and anticlockwise to decrease the volume.
15	RSSI	This output is used to monitor the RSSI output from the 25-way system interface connector. (Not available if the system interface connector is 15-way.)
10	DIGITAL OUTPUTS	These LEDs indicate the status of the digital output lines on the system

DIGITAL OUTPUTS These LEDs indicate the status of the digital output lines on the system interface connectors, as described in the table below. They are lit when the digital output lines are active. Note that the table only shows the digital outputs which can be monitored by the LEDs.

	System Interface Board			
CTU LED	Isolated	Isolated E&M	TaitNet/ TaitNet RS-232	
1	pin 11 - digital out 1	pin 11 - digital out 1	pin 12 - digital out 1	
2	pin 12 - digital out 2	pin 12 - digital out 2	pin 13 - digital out 2	

This banana socket can be used as ground with RX GATE, TX KEY and (17) GND RSSI. It is connected to the CTU and system interface connector ground. (18) TX RELAY This output is connected to the Tx Relay output on the 25-way system interface connector, and to digital output 3 on the 15-way system interface connector. The LED is lit when the output is activated. (19) TX KEY Switch Set this switch to "ON" to key the transmitter. When the switch is in the "OFF" position, applying a signal to the TX KEY banana socket will control the state of the transmitter. Ground this input to key the transmitter. Alternatively, turn on the TX KEY TX KEY socket switch (19). (21) RX GATE This output is connected to the Rx Gate output on the system interface connectors. The adjacent LED is lit when the receiver gate is open. (2) POWER Connect a 10 to 32 VDC power supply to this input. This supply powers the noise source, speaker, LEDs, and RS-232 communications. This DC input connector is not used if power is supplied via the system

control bus or system interface connectors.



Do not power the CTU from a PMU fitted with a 48V auxiliary power supply board. The maximum supply voltage for the CTU is 32VDC. Use either a PMU 12VDC or 24VDC auxiliary output, or an external power supply. Note that the auxiliary output can be supplied to the CTU via the system interface connector on the reciter if the auxiliary DC power cable is fitted, as well as via a direct connection to the PMU auxiliary output.

(3) SYSTEM CONTROL BUS

This connects to the system control bus connector on the front of the reciter for tuning, calibration and programming. You can also calibrate a PA when it is linked to a reciter and CTU via the system control bus.



If you need to make your own system control bus cable, the recommended maximum length of the cable is one metre (39 inches).

Figure 4.3 Example CTU connection to a TB8100 reciter



The CTU provides a selection of input and output connectors that allow the TB9100 base station to be connected to standard test equipment, and also to a PC running the Customer Service Software or Calibration Software. These inputs, outputs and associated controls are identified in Figure 5.1 on page 28, and their functions are explained in the paragraphs which follow. Some items are not used with the TB9100, and others serve one function with the TB9100 and another with the TB7100 or TB8100. Any differences in function are described in the table that accompanies Figure 5.1. A block diagram of the CTU is provided in Figure B.1 on page 40.

The CTU is designed to make it easier to program, tune or calibrate TB9100 modules. It also allows a user to monitor the digital output and control the digital inputs on the reciter's 9-way DIG D-range connector.

Figure 5.2 on page 33 shows a typical connection setup between the CTU and a TB9100 base station. Refer to the TB9100 Calibration Software documentation for details on how to use the CTU for tuning and calibrating TB9100 modules.





	TB7100	TB8100	ТВ9100	
1	not used	programming port	serial port	1
2	power LED	power LED	power LED	2
3	not used	noise source output and on/off switch	noise source output and on/off switch	3
4	balanced line input	balanced line input	analog line input	4
5	speaker audio selection switch	speaker audio selection switch	speaker audio selection switch	5
6	unbalanced line input	unbalanced line input	not used	6
1	unbalanced line output	unbalanced line output	not used	7
8	balanced line output	balanced line output	analog line output	8
9	600Ω load on/off switch	600Ω load on/off switch	600 Ω load on/off switch	9
10	not used	not used	system interface connectors	10
11	system interface connector ^a	system interface connectors	not used	1
12)	digital input switches ^b	digital input switches	digital input switches	12
13)	speaker	speaker	speaker	13
14)	speaker volume control	speaker volume control	speaker volume control	14)
15	RSSI output	RSSI output	digital output 0	(15)
16	not used	digital output LEDs	not used	16
17	ground connector	ground connector	ground connector	17
(18)	Tx Relay output and LED	Tx Relay output and LED; digital out 3 (TaitNet)	digital input 4	18
(19)	keying switch for the transmitter	keying switch for the transmitter	keying switch for the transmitter	(19)
20	Tx Key input	Tx Key input	Tx Key input	20
21)	Rx Gate output and LED	Rx Gate output and LED	Rx Gate output and LED	21)
22	not used	DC input	DC input	22
23	not used	system control bus connector	not used	23

a. The TB7100 uses the 25-way connector with the TB7100 CTU adaptor board (refer to "The TB7100 CTU Adaptor Board" on page 17).

b. Switches 1 to 4 can be configured as digital inputs or channel select. Switch 6 is used for Rx inhibit. The other switches are not used. Refer to "DIGITAL/PROGRAMMING INPUTS" on page 15 for more information.

1	10101	This is an RS-232 serial port. Connect it to a PC running the calibration software when calibrating or tuning the base station.		
2	POWER	The POWER LED is lit when the CTU is powered up. Power to the CTU is supplied using the POWER socket (see 2 below).		
		Note You do not need to provide power to the CTU at all in order to make audio level measurements, or to use the digital inputs and outputs. Lack of power will not affect these interfaces.		
		Important Do not power the CTU from a PMU fitted with a 48V auxiliary power supply board. The maximum supply voltage for the CTU is 32VDC. Use either a PMU 12VDC or 24VDC auxiliary output, or an external power supply.		
3	NOISE	The CTU's internal, wide bandwidth noise source is available on this output. You can connect the NOISE socket to the RF input on the reciter and use it to tune the receiver's front end. The adjacent switch turns the noise on and off. The bandwidth of the noise source is approximately 50MHz to 1GHz, and the output level is approximately -130 dBm/Hz . This output level is equivalent to -91 dBm typical for a narrow bandwidth receiver, -89 dBm typical for mid bandwidth, and -88 dBm typical for wide bandwidth.		
4	LINE INPUT	The CTU makes audio at this input available to the TB9100 transmitter (it connects LINE INPUT to the analog RJ45 connector).		
5	UNBALANCED/OFF/ BALANCED	Selects which audio output is sent to the CTU speaker. Select "BALANCED" to direct the audio on LINE OUTPUT to the speaker. If you select "OFF", no audio is present on the speaker.		
6	UB INPUT	Not used with TB9100.		
1	UB OUTPUT	Not used with TB9100.		
8	LINE OUTPUT	The CTU makes audio from the TB9100 receiver available on this connector (it connects LINE OUTPUT to the balanced line output on the analog RJ45 system interface connector). LINE OUTPUT is connected directly to pins 1 & 2 (i.e. it is not grounded). The audio on LINE OUTPUT can also be monitored on the CTU speaker.		

- 600 Ω LOAD This switch connects or disconnects the 600 Ω load across the LINE OUTPUT. This allows the output to be terminated correctly for calibration procedures. Turn the switch on if the LINE OUTPUT socket is not otherwise terminated.
 600 SYSTEM INTERFACE The RJ45 connector is used for the analog line and the 9-way connector is used for digital I/O. Connect the RJ45 to the RJ45 AUD connector on the reciter and the 9-way connector to the 9-way DIG connector on the reciter.
 61 SYSTEM INTERFACE Not used with TB9100.
- DIGITAL/ PROGRAMMING INPUTS
 These switches let you set the digital inputs into the TB9100 high or low. Only the first four are used with TB9100. These switches are connected to the digital input lines on the 9-way system interface connector. Digital inputs can be used for external channel selection. Refer to the Customer Service Software documentation for details on how to configure this.



Note

The TB9100 digital inputs are numbered 0 to 4 on the CSS, which correspond to digital inputs 1 to 4 and TX RELAY on the CTU.

TB9100 Digital Input	CTU Digital Input
0	Switch 1
1	Switch 2
2	Switch 3
3	Switch 4
4	TX RELAY (see 🔞)

Set the switch to position "1" to set the digital input high. Set the switch to position "0" to set the digital input low.

(3) Speaker The CTU is fitted with a 0.5 W 16Ω speaker. Audio from LINE OUTPUT can be connected to this speaker.
 (4) VOLUME This controls the volume of the speaker. Rotate clockwise to increase the volume, and anticlockwise to decrease the volume.
 (5) RSSI This banana socket is used as digital output 0 by the TB9100.
 (6) DIGITAL OUTPUTS Not used with TB9100.

17	GND	This banana soc and TX RELAY ground.	ket can be used as ground with RX GATE, TX KEY, RSSI, 7. It is connected to the CTU and system interface connector
(18)	TX RELAY	This banana soc input to set the	ket is used by the TB9100 as digital input 4. Ground this input low. The LED alongside is not used by the TB9100.
(19)	TX KEY switch	Set this switch to "ON" to key the transmitter. When the switch is in the "OFF" position, applying a signal to the TX KEY banana socket will control the state of the transmitter.	
20	TX KEY socket	Ground this input to key the transmitter. Alternatively, turn on the TX KEY switch (19).	
21	RX GATE	This LED is lit when the base station puts audio on the analog line. The adjacent socket is connected to the Rx Gate output (E & M output) on the analog RJ45 SYSTEM INTERFACE connector.	
2	POWER	Connect a 10 to 32VDC power supply to this input. This supply powers the noise source, speaker, LEDs, and RS-232 communications.	
		Important	Do not power the CTU from a PMU fitted with a 48V auxiliary power supply board. The maximum supply volt- age for the CTU is 32VDC. Use either a PMU 12VDC or 24VDC auxiliary output, or an external power supply.

B SYSTEM CONTROL Not used with TB9100.





The TBA0STU base station CTU is supplied with the following accessories:

- a selection of cables which allow the CTU to be connected to a TB7100, TB8100, or TB9100 base station
- an adaptor board for connecting the CTU to a TB7100 base station
- DC power cables
- a DC power connector for use with the PMU auxiliary DC output (refer to "Using a PMU to Power the CTU" on page 37)
- tuning tools.

These accessories are described and identified in Figure A.1 on page 36.



Using a PMU to Power the CTU

The CTU can be powered from the auxiliary DC output at the rear of the PMU^1 . Connect the CTU to the PMU using one of the supplied DC power cables (9) fitted with the supplied power connector (5) (as shown in Figure A.1).

The pin allocations for the 2-way auxiliary DC output connector on the PMU^2 are given in the following table.





Important

Do not power the CTU from a PMU fitted with a 48V auxiliary power supply board. The maximum supply voltage for the CTU is 32VDC. Use either a PMU 12VDC or 24VDC auxiliary output, or an external power supply. Note that the auxiliary output can be supplied to the CTU via the system interface connector on the reciter if the auxiliary DC power cable is fitted, as well as via a direct connection to the PMU auxiliary output.

^{1.} The PMU must be fitted with an optional auxiliary power supply board.

^{2.} This type of connector is fitted to PMUs manufactured from August 2004 onwards .

Appendix B - CTU Block Diagram

A block diagram of the CTU is provided on following page.



Figure B.1 CTU Block Diagram